TPU A95

Property Data

| Property | Test Method | Value |
|---|-------------------|-------------------------|
| Density (g/cm³) | ASTM D792 | 1.14 |
| Hardness | ASTM D2240 | 95 Shore A / 48 Shore D |
| Melt Flow Rate (MVR)/ cm ³ /10 min | ISO 1133 (200 °C) | 20 |
| Vicat softening point/ °C | ASTM D1525 | 115 |
| Tensile Strength/ kpsi | ASTM D412 | 2.5 |
| Tensile Modulus/ kpsi | ASTM D412 | 3.3 |
| Tensile Elongation/ % | ASTM D412 | 550 |
| Modulus at 100%/ kpsi | ASTM D412 | 1.1 |
| Modulus at 300%/ kpsi | ASTM D412 | 1.7 |
| Flex Modulus/ kpsi | ASTM D790 | 5.4 |

Recommended Printer Settings

| Parameter | Value | |
|------------------------|--|--|
| Nozzle temperature | 230 °C | |
| Heated bed temperature | 70 °C | |
| Speed | 40-100 mm/s | |
| Infill | As needed, up to 100 % | |
| Bed material | PEI, glass with glue stick; other standard bed materials may work as | |
| | well | |
| Drying | 90 °C; keep filament in dry, sealed bag/container for storage | |

These processing conditions are general guidelines only. Each printer will likely have a unique set of printing parameters. TPU can be tricky to print when starting out, so try slower speeds, ideally with a direct/non-bowden extruder. TPU A95 has a very wide processing temperature range though. When comfortable, feel free to adjust the nozzle temperature to achieve faster speeds. We have had success on certain printers at 250 °C / 100 mm/s for example. We have also had success with some Bowden extruder printers such as the Ender 3 Pro and Prusa Mini.

Like most polymers, TPU A95 is moisture sensitive, take care to dry and maintain filament and store in a sealed container.